

NUTRIENTS

FOOD
for Plants AND HUMANS

humans need nutrients to survive and thrive.

Plants, animals and

> come from the soil. A lack of any one of these nutrients in sufficient quantities can affect plant health, growth and yield. Fertilizers contain essential plant nutrients. As harvested crops remove nutrients from the soil, they are used to reliably replenish its

> health. Apart from Oxygen from the air and Hydrogen from water, these come from the food that we eat. Not getting enough of them can cause serious health issues.

and some of the many ways that they benefit plants and humans.

BENEFITS for PLANTS

RNA for growth and reproduction.

assisting with chlorophyll production.

Helps leaves grow strong and green by

BENEFITS for PLANTS

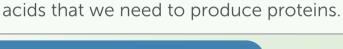
Assists with the growth of early

seedlings, roots and flowers.

• Helps store and transport the

sun's energy.





Food proteins supply essential amino

Is part of all proteins that humans

consume.

NUTRIENTS

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

- PLANT SOURCES: Legumes, nuts and some grains and seeds are all high in protein
 - BENEFITS FOR HUMANS Important for regulating calcium and

Plays a key role in molecules involved

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

PLANT SOURCES: Whole grains, nuts, seeds, legumes, cauliflower, mushrooms

in energy transfer in the body.

building strong bones.

drought and diseases. proteins and use carbohydrates. Central to blood pH balance and Required for moving sugars and **Potassium**

Phosphorus

PLANT SOURCES: Sweet potatoes, pumpkins, lentils, potatoes, bananas, prunes

BENEFITS for PLANTS

Enhances tolerance to stresses such as

BENEFITS for PLANTS

Helps resist disease through the growth

BENEFITS for PLANTS

An essential component for some

Important in photosynthesis and for

amino acids and proteins.

winter crop hardiness.

and development of cell walls. Stimulates microbial activity and

nutrient uptake.

carbohydrates within plants.



 Required to build and maintain strong bones and teeth.

muscle contractions.

Plays a role in nerve transmissions and

Necessary for insulin production and

• Helps keep hair, skin and nails strong

PLANT SOURCES: Cabbage, onions, mushrooms, garlic, asparagus, kale BENEFITS for PLANTS **BENEFITS FOR HUMANS**

Sulphur

Key for photosynthesis which captures the sun's energy for growth.

- and water efficiency.
- BENEFITS for PLANTS An essential component of cell wall formation.

Important for flowering and fruiting.

BENEFITS for PLANTS

Helps minimize water loss during

stressful dry periods.



Builds strong bones and needed for energy production.

Supports muscle and nerve function

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS • Contributes to healthy bone development

and cell membrane maintenance.

Alleviates arthritic symptoms and

facilitates hormone action.

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS Regulates the balance of fluids in

Necessary for the absorption of

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

• Essential for the immune and nervous

• Supports iron metabolism and the

system and skeletal health.

formation of red blood cells.

the body.

vitamin B12.

PLANT SOURCES: Salt, cabbage, cauliflower, tomatoes, potatoes, seaweed

and helps produce protein.

BENEFITS for PLANTS

Plays a major role in photosynthesis and

• Is closely linked to Vitamin A production

- BENEFITS for PLANTS Vital for the formation of chlorophyll
- affects photosynthesis. • Regulates carbohydrate metabolism

BENEFITS for PLANTS

BENEFITS for PLANTS

Required for plant nitrogen metabolism.

• Helps legumes to fix nitrogen.

• Helps turn nitrates into usable forms.

• Required for nitrogen fixation in

legume plants.

BENEFITS for PLANTS



PLANT SOURCES: Legumes, chocolate, soy products, leafy vegetables, whole grains

red blood cells. Needed to maintain healthy cells, skin, hair and nails.

• A key component of hemoglobin in

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

Regulates blood sugar and enhances

• Helps the body form connective tissue and bones.

• Helps the liver break down drugs

Prevents the dangerous buildup

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

the absorption of calcium.

PLANT SOURCES: Legumes, whole grains, nuts, leafy vegetables, tomatoes

of sulphites in the body.

and toxins.

PLANT SOURCES: Nuts, legumes, soy products, grains, chocolate

- PLANT SOURCES: Nuts, whole grains, legumes, soy products, potatoes, chocolate

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

supply essential nutrients to plants, they enable farmers to produce more food on existing





BENEFITS for PLANTS

Plants need 17 essential mineral nutrients. While they receive Carbon and Oxygen from the air and Hydrogen from water, the remaining 14

nutrient content and feed plants. Humans, meanwhile, need more than 40 different nutrients for good

essential plant nutrients that crops derive from soils and fertilizers

partly passed on to people when consumed. Here's a look at the 14

ESSENTIAL

Fertilizers provide crucial essential nutrients to plants which are

Vital for amino acids, proteins, DNA and

Helps control heart rhythm, build

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS

supports normal growth.

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS part of an important antioxidant.

and healthy.

and keeps your heart beating regularly. • Improves root formation and nutrient

Boron

PLANT SOURCES: Raisins, nuts, legumes, prunes, dates

Chlorine

Copper

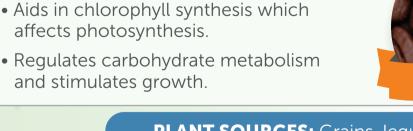
Iron

• Assists nutrient transportation within plants.

PLANT SOURCES: Leafy vegetables, whole grains, legumes, prunes, avocados

activates several enzymes.

and acts as an oxygen carrier. Required for energy transfer and nitrogen reduction and fixation.



Molybdenum

BENEFITS FOR HUMANS Increases hormonal activity.

• Is a part of all human organs.

Helps the immune system fight off

FERTILIZER ASSOCIATION

Because mineral fertilizers are a reliable, precise and efficient way to nourish the soil and land and feed the world's growing population.

 Used for critical early stage chlorophyll invading bacteria and viruses. and carbohydrate production. • Aids stress tolerance, growth • Plays a vital role in cognitive hormones and the enzyme system. development and cellular growth.